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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/937,601	937,601 09/28/2001		Renato Caretta	07040.0098 5126		
22852	7590 03/04/2004			EXAMINER		
FINNEGA	N, HENDER	JOHNSTONE, ADRIENNE C				
LLP 1300 I STRE	ET. NW	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
	TON, DC 20	1733				

DATE MAILED: 03/04/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

'		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)	•			
Office Action Summary		09/937,6	601	CARETTA				
		Examine	r	Art Unit				
		Adrienne	C. Johnstone	1733				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun	ication appears on th	e cover sheet with the	correspondence addres	SS			
A SH THE - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 period for reply is specified above, the maximum st pre to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no enunication. Of days, a reply within the state atutory period will apply and we will, by statute, cause the apply.	vent, however, may a reply be t tutory minimum of thirty (30) da vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro plication to become ABANDON	imely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this commu IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.			
Status								
·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 November 2003</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 17-25 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) 21-25 is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 17-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from co						
Applicat	ion Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 September</u> Applicant may not request that any objected the oath or declaration is objected to	er 2001 is/are: a)⊠ ection to the drawing(s) g the correction is requ	be held in abeyance. Sired if the drawing(s) is c	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1	1.121(d).			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice 3) Infor	at(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date 11/16/01, 11/5/03.		4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:		2)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 17-20 in the amendment filed November 5, 2003 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that there is no serious burden. This is not found persuasive because 1) it is PCT unity of invention practice rather than US restriction practice that applies to this national stage (371) application as per 37 CFR 1.499 (see MPEP 1893.03(d)), 2) the requirements for a holding of lack of unity have been met in the restriction requirement mailed October 6, 2003 by identifying the groups of claims corresponding to the different inventions not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept (paragraph 1 of the restriction requirement) and showing that the subject matter linking the groups of claims together does not distinguish over the prior art and therefore cannot serve as a common special technical feature linking the groups together in a single general inventive concept (which showing also demonstrates *prima facie* serious burden), and 3) applicant has not rebutted the showing of lack of unity due to failure of the linking subject matter to distinguish over the prior art.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

2. Claims 21-25 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the amendment filed November 5, 2003. Of course, upon the identification of allowable subject matter the examiner will consider rejoinder of any of claims 21-25 which incorporate or otherwise include the allowable subject matter.

Priority

3. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

4. The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)
- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.
 - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).

Content of Specification

(a) <u>Title of the Invention</u>: See 37 CFR 1.72(a) and MPEP § 606. The title of the invention should be placed at the top of the first page of the specification unless the title is provided in an application data shet. The title of the invention should

be brief but technically accurate and descriptive, preferably from two to seven words may not contain more than 500 characters.

- (b) <u>Cross-References to Related Applications</u>: See 37 CFR 1.78 and MPEP § 201.11.
- (c) <u>Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research and Development:</u> See MPEP § 310.
- (d) Incorporation-By-Reference Of Material Submitted On a Compact Disc: The specification is required to include an incorporation-by-reference of electronic documents that are to become part of the permanent United States Patent and Trademark Office records in the file of a patent application. See 37 CFR 1.52(e) and MPEP § 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(e)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(e)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text were permitted as electronic documents on compact discs beginning on September 8, 2000.

Or alternatively, <u>Reference to a "Microfiche Appendix"</u>: See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.

- (e) <u>Background of the Invention</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(c). The specification should set forth the Background of the Invention in two parts:
 - (1) <u>Field of the Invention</u>: A statement of the field of art to which the invention pertains. This statement may include a paraphrasing of the applicable U.S. patent classification definitions of the subject matter of the claimed invention. This item may also be titled "Technical Field."
 - (2) Description of the Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 37 CFR 1.98: A description of the related art known to the applicant and including, if applicable, references to specific related art and problems involved in the prior art which are solved by the applicant's invention. This item may also be titled "Background Art."
- general statement of the invention: See MPEP § 608.01(d). A brief summary or general statement of the invention as set forth in 37 CFR 1.73. The summary is separate and distinct from the abstract and is directed toward the invention rather than the disclosure as a whole. The summary may point out the advantages of the invention or how it solves problems previously existent in the prior art (and preferably indicated in the Background of the Invention). In chemical cases it should point out in general terms the utility of the invention. If possible, the nature and gist of the invention or the inventive concept should be set forth. Objects of the invention should be treated briefly and only to the extent that they contribute to an understanding of the invention.
- (g) <u>Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s)</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(f). A reference to and brief description of the drawing(s) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.74.

- (h) <u>Detailed Description of the Invention</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(g). A description of the preferred embodiment(s) of the invention as required in 37 CFR 1.71. The description should be as short and specific as is necessary to describe the invention adequately and accurately. Where elements or groups of elements, compounds, and processes, which are conventional and generally widely known in the field of the invention described and their exact nature or type is not necessary for an understanding and use of the invention by a person skilled in the art, they should not be described in detail. However, where particularly complicated subject matter is involved or where the elements, compounds, or processes may not be commonly or widely known in the field, the specification should refer to another patent or readily available publication which adequately describes the subject matter.
- (i) Claim or Claims: See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(m). The claim or claims must commence on separate sheet or electronic page (37 CFR 1.52(b)(3)). Where a claim sets forth a plurality of elements or steps, each element or step of the claim should be separated by a line indentation. There may be plural indentations to further segregate subcombinations or related steps. See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(i)-(p).
- (j) Abstract of the Disclosure: See MPEP § 608.01(f). A brief narrative of the disclosure as a whole in a single paragraph of 150 words or less commencing on a separate sheet following the claims. In an international application which has entered the national stage (37 CFR 1.491(b)), the applicant need not submit an abstract commencing on a separate sheet if an abstract was published with the international application under PCT Article 21. The abstract that appears on the cover page of the pamphlet published by the International Bureau (IB) of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) is the abstract that will be used by the USPTO. See MPEP § 1893.03(e).
- (k) <u>Sequence Listing.</u> See 37 CFR 1.821-1.825 and MPEP §§ 2421-2431. The requirement for a sequence listing applies to all sequences disclosed in a given application, whether the sequences are claimed or not. See MPEP § 2421.02.

Specifically, the section headings are missing.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caretta et al. (6,328,084 B1) or, alternatively, its equivalent European Patent Application 0 928 680 A1.

See Caretta et al. col. 5 line 12 - col. 16 line 36: belt structure 5, tread band 8, sidewalls 9, sealing layer 10, carcass structure 2 comprising first and second series of substantially U-shaped strip lengths 13 of elastomer material incorporating thread elements 14, and inextensible annular structures 4 each comprising first circumferentially inextensible annular insert 27 made of substantially concentric coils 27a of at least one elongated metal element, similarly constructed second circumferentially inextensible annular insert 28, and elastomeric filling body 29 joined to the first circumferentially inextensible annular insert 27. Although the reference does not disclose a third circumferentially inextensible annular insert, the second circumferentially inextensible annular insert 28 may be located between the elastomeric filling body 29 and the second series of strip lengths 13 or, alternatively, on the opposite side of the second series of strip lengths (col. 11 line 31 - col. 12 line 6). The reference teaches that the purpose of the inextensible annular structures is to form beads ensuring anchoring of the tire to a corresponding mounting rim and to counteract the tendency of the beads to rotate about their resting points on the rim (col. 9 lines 52-61 and col. 10 lines 26-32); it would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further anchor the tire to the rim and further inhibit bead rotation by providing a circumferentially inextensible annular insert in both of the alternative locations for the second insert 28.

Double Patenting

7. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

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A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 8. Claims 19 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 32 of U.S. Patent No. 6,457,504 B1 (note the attached certificate of correction) in view of Caretta et al. (6,328,084 B1) or, alternatively, in view of its equivalent European Patent Application 0 928 680 A1. The claim 19 basic tire structure including the belt structure, tread band, and sidewalls is conventional tire structure, as evidenced by Caretta et al. (col. 5 lines 12-35 and col. 12 lines 7-25) for example. Caretta et al. also teach that the purpose of the inextensible annular structures in tire constructions such as in claim 19 is to form beads ensuring anchoring of the tire to a corresponding mounting rim and to counteract the tendency of the beads to rotate about their resting points on the rim (col. 9 lines 52-61 and col. 10 lines 26-32) and that in tire constructions such as in claim 19 the circumferentially inextensible annular inserts may be located between the elastomeric filling body and the two series of strip lengths or, alternatively, between the elastomeric filling body and the first series of strip lengths and on the opposite side of the second series of strip lengths (col. 11 line 31 - col. 12 line 6); it would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide such conventional basic tire structure in the patented claim 32 tire and to further anchor the tire to the rim and further inhibit bead rotation in the patented claim 32 tire by providing a circumferentially inextensible annular insert in both of the alternative locations for the second insert taught by Caretta et al.
- 9. Claim 20 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 32 of U.S. Patent No. 6,457,504 B1 in view of Caretta et al. (6,328,084 B1) or, alternatively, in view of its equivalent European Patent Application 0

928 680 A1 as noted in paragraph 8 above, and further in view of claim 20 of U.S.Patent No. 6,457,504 B1. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further improve the above tire by providing the features of other dependent tire claims in U.S. Patent No. 6,457,504 B1 such as patented claim 20.

Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Adrienne C. Johnstone whose telephone number is (571)272-1218. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 10:30AM-7:000PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Crispino can be reached on (571)272-1226. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Adrienne C. Johnstone Primary Examiner Art Unit 1733

alveine C. Stustere

Adrienne Johnstone

February 25, 2004